Hodek Committee Reform – has Creditor Corporate Governance in Israel been Improved?

Ana Sasi-Brodesky

Research Department Conference Bank of Israel

OVERVIEW & Main claims:

- 1. The effects of a regulation that urged institutions to invest only in corporate bonds that include restrictive and financial covenants.
- 2. Several years into the reform all new bond issues include several restrictive covenants and most also include financial covenants based either on rating or on accounting ratios...
- 3. Main contribution:
 - This is the first study to document the use of covenants several years into the reform in a systematic manner

Model:

$$Y = \beta_0 + IMR + \beta_1 X + CVN + \varepsilon$$

Results:

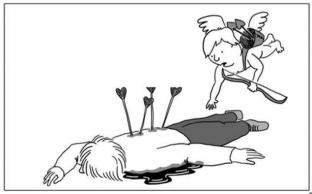
	Rating	Rating interest compensation covenant	Accounting ratios interest compensation covenant
	restrictive covenant		
Selectivity variable	0.18	-0.09	-0.29
Price effect of covenant	-0.86***	-0.78***	0.40*
Log(assets)	-0.33""	-0.38***	-0.42***
leverage	1.75***	1.69"	1.77""
Tangibility	1.36"	1.63"	1.50**
Cash flow volatility (%)	0.34***	0.34""	0.33***
1 year treasury rate (%)	0.73"	0.71"	0.69*
10-year-2-year Treasury (%)	-0.72	-0.69	-0.61
Market-to-book	-0.59	-0.91"	-0.67"
Equity return standard deviation (%)	0.15***	0.12**	0.15***
Equity return mean (%)	-1.13**	0.15***	-1.21***
Year dummies	Y	-1.19***	Υ
Industry dummies	Υ	Y	Y
Constant	8.65***	9.87***	10.11***
Observations	231	231	231
R ²	0.47	0.46	0.44
Adjusted R ²	0.42	0.41	0.39
F Statistic	9.67***	9.33***	8.66***
Note:	"p""p""p<0.01		

Covenants?

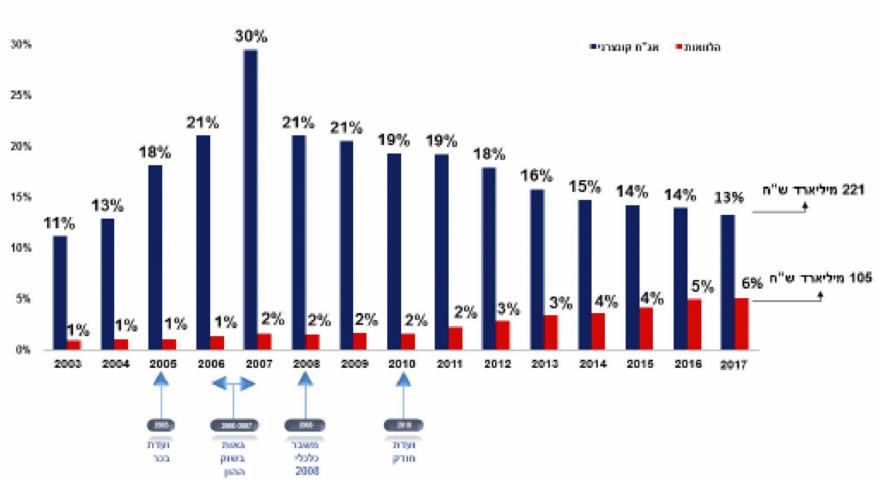
■ We must be (really) sure that the covenant is real ©

Unintended consequences?

- All new bond issues include several restrictive covenants and most issues also include either a rating or an accounting (ratios based) covenants.
- ■BUT... What about
 - Series Expansions (no covenants?)
 - Private Loans (no covenants?)







rusin segiona, progressivo

35%

Model:

- Not a different estimation for each covenant, but a set of dummies for each covenant
- Collateral?
- The standard errors must be clustered at a firm level

$$Y = \beta_0 + IMR + \beta_1 X + CVN + \varepsilon$$

Results...

	Rating restrictive	Rating interest compensation	Accounting ratios interest compensation
	covenant	covenant	covenant
Selectivity variable	0.18	-0.09	-0.29
Price effect of covenant	-0.86""	-0.78***	0.40"
Log(assets)	-0.33""	-0.38""	-0.42***
leverage	1.75***	1.69"	1.77***
Tangibility	1.36"	1.63"	1.50**
Cash flow volatility (%)	0.34***	0.34***	0.33***
1 year treasury rate (%)	0.73"	0.71"	0.69*
10-year-2-year Treasury (%)	-0.72	-0.69	-0.61
Market-to-book	-0.59	-0.91"	-0.67"
Equity return standard deviation (%)	0.15""	0.12**	0.15***
Equity return mean (%)	-1.13**	0.15***	-1.21***
Year dummies	Υ	-1.19""	Y
Industry dummies	Υ	Y	Y
Constant	8.65***	9.87***	10.11***
Observations	231	231	231
R ²	0.47	0.46	0.44
Adjusted R ²	0.42	0.41	0.39
F Statistic	9.67""	9.33""	8.66***
Note:	"p""p""p<0.01		

Recommendations

- Debt covenants literature!
- There is no control group here... hence, the results should be interpreted with care!

[רפורמות מקיפות בממשל התאגידי הישראלי]

- Maybe series expansions & private loans could serve as a control?
- •Dif-in-dif estimation, which much more convincing?

Minor

- Abstract? To include all the findings... no rating covenants results.
- All figures must have self explanatory captions.

Minor

• "Equity data is based on daily returns during X days before bond issue" on page 13 (I hope)...

Minor

■ Hamdani et al 2016 → Hamdani et al 2017

THANK YOU!

- I liked the paper a lot.
- Overall, it is well written.
- The paper opens several interesting policy questions.
- However, there is a WAY to go!

